

FIRST SUPERVISORY NOTICE

To: Iqbal Saleem trading as ISN Financial Services

Of: 91 Ilford Lane

Ilford Essex IG1 2RJ

FSA Reference Number: 315351

Dated: 5 June 2009

TAKE NOTICE: The Financial Services Authority of 25 The North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 5HS (the "FSA") has taken the following action:

1. ACTION

- 1.1 For the reasons listed below and pursuant to section 45 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "Act"), the FSA has decided to vary the permission granted to you, Iqbal Saleem trading as ISN Financial Services, pursuant to Part IV of the Act ("your Part IV permission"), by removing all regulated activities with immediate effect. Accordingly, your Part IV permission no longer includes the following regulated activities:
 - a) advising on investments (except on Pension Transfers and Pension Opt Outs);
 - b) agreeing to carry on a regulated activity;
 - c) arranging (bringing about) deals in investments;
 - d) assisting in the administration and performance of a contract of insurance;
 - e) dealing in investments as agent; and

- f) making arrangements with a view to transactions in investments.
- 1.2 The FSA has further decided to vary your Part IV permission by including the following requirements, namely that within 14 days you must:
 - (i) notify in writing all clients (arising from regulated activities) that you do not have Professional Indemnity Insurance ("PII") in place and that you are no longer permitted by the FSA to carry on regulated activities; and
 - (ii) provide the FSA with a copy of the written notification sent to all clients (arising from regulated activities) pursuant to (i) above, together with a list of all clients to whom such notification has been sent.

2. REASONS FOR ACTION

Summary

- 2.1 The FSA has concluded, on the basis of the facts and matters described below, that you are failing to satisfy the threshold conditions set out in Schedule 6 to the Act (the "Threshold Conditions") in that, in the opinion of the FSA, your resources are not adequate in relation to the regulated activities that you have permission to carry on.
- 2.2 The FSA also considers, on the basis of those facts and matters, that it is necessary, in order to protect the interests of consumers, for the action specified above to take immediate effect.

Relevant statutory provisions

- 2.3 The FSA's regulatory objectives established in section 2(2) of the Act include market confidence, public awareness, the reduction of financial crime and the protection of consumers.
- 2.4 The FSA is authorised by section 45 of the Act to exercise the following powers:
 - to vary an authorised person's permission where it appears to the FSA that such person is failing to satisfy the Threshold Conditions;
 - to vary such a permission including by removing a regulated activity from those for which the permission is given;
 - to vary an authorised person's permission where it is desirable to exercise that power in order to protect the interests of consumers; and
 - to include any provision in the permission as varied that could be included if a fresh permission were being given in response to an application under section 40 of the Act, including the imposition pursuant to section 43 of the Act of such requirements as the FSA considers appropriate.

- 2.5 Section 53(3) of the Act allows such a variation to take effect immediately if the FSA reasonably considers that it is necessary for the variation to take effect immediately.
- 2.6 Paragraph 4(1) of Schedule 6 to the Act sets out Threshold Condition 4, which states that:

"The resources of the person concerned must, in the opinion of the Authority, be adequate in relation to the regulated activities that he seeks to carry on, or carries on."

Relevant Handbook provisions

2.7 In exercising its power to vary a Part IV permission, the FSA must have regard to relevant provisions in the FSA Handbook of rules and guidance (the "FSA Handbook"). The relevant main considerations in relation to the action specified above are set out below.

Relevant Principle

2.8 Principle 4 (Financial Prudence) requires a firm to maintain adequate financial resources as laid out in the Principles for Businesses in the FSA Handbook.

Relevant Rules

- 2.9 FSA Rule 3.2.1R in the Mortgage and Home Finance Firms, and Insurance Intermediaries ("MIPRU") section of the FSA Handbook requires that:
 - "A *firm* must take out and maintain professional indemnity insurance that is at least equal to the requirements of this section [MIPRU 3.2]."
- 2.10 MIPRU 4.2.1R requires that:
 - "A *firm* must at all times ensure that it is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due."

Guidance concerning the relevant Threshold Condition

- 2.11 Guidance on Threshold Condition 4 is set out in Chapter 2.4 of the part of the FSA Handbook entitled Threshold Conditions ("COND").
 - <u>Guidance concerning Threshold Condition 4: Adequate Resources (paragraph 4, Schedule 6 to the Act)</u>
- 2.12 COND 2.4.1UK(1) reproduces the relevant statutory provision in the Act that the resources of the person concerned must, in the opinion of the FSA, be adequate in relation to the regulated activities that he seeks to carry on, or carries on.
- 2.13 COND 2.4.1UK(2), permits the FSA, when forming its opinion as to whether the resources of an authorised person are adequate in relation to the regulated activities

that he carries on, to have regard to the provision he makes in respect of liabilities (including contingent and future liabilities).

- 2.14 COND 2.4.4G(2)(c)(vii) states that the FSA, when assessing whether a firm will satisfy and continue to satisfy Threshold Condition 4, will have regard to whether the firm has in the last ten years failed to satisfy a judgment debt under a court order in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- 2.15 COND 2.4.4G(3), states that the FSA only takes into account relevant matters which are material in relation to the regulated activities for which the authorised person has permission.

Other relevant regulatory provisions

- 2.16 The FSA's policy in relation to its enforcement powers is set out in the Enforcement Guide ("EG") certain provisions of which are summarised below.
- 2.17 EG 8.1(1) provides that the FSA may use its own initiative power to vary or cancel the permission of an authorised firm under section 45 of the Act, where a firm is failing or is likely to fail to satisfy the Threshold Conditions.

Varying a firm's Part IV permission on the FSA's own initiative

- 2.18 EG 8.1B provides that the FSA will have regard to its regulatory objectives and the range of regulatory tools that are available to it, when it considers how it should deal with a concern about a firm.
- 2.19 EG 8.3 provides that the FSA will exercise its formal powers under section 45 of the Act, where the FSA considers it is appropriate to ensure a firm meets its regulatory requirements. EG 8.3(1) specifies that the FSA may consider it appropriate to exercise its powers where it has serious concerns about a firm or about the way its business is being or has been conducted.
- 2.20 EG 8.5 provides that the circumstances in which the FSA will consider exercising its power include where the FSA has serious concerns that the authorised person has breached requirements imposed on it by or under the Act (including Principles and rules) and the breaches are material in number or individual seriousness. EG 8.5(1)(a) specifies that the FSA will consider exercising its own initiative power where a firm's financial resources appear to be inadequate for the scale or type of regulated activity it is carrying on, for example, where it has failed to maintain PII or where it is unable to meet liabilities as they have fallen due.
- 2.21 EG 8.9 includes among the factors which will determine whether the urgent exercise of the FSA's own-initiative power is an appropriate response to serious concerns, the extent of any loss or risk of loss or other adverse effect on consumers and the steps the authorised person has taken or is taking to address the issue.

Facts and matters relied on

- 2.22 You have been authorised since 20 January 2005 to carry on general insurance mediation business.
- 2.23 You have failed to satisfy the FSA that you maintain current PII, despite having had reasonable opportunity to do so.
- 2.24 You have failed to meet your liabilities as they have fallen due. Specifically, on 28 November 2008, Sheffield County Court issued a judgment against you in the amount of £8,399.14 (the "CCJ"), which remains unsatisfied.

Conclusions

- 2.25 The facts and matters described above lead the FSA, having regard to its regulatory objectives, which include the protection of consumers, to the following conclusions:
 - by failing to satisfy the FSA that you have effected compliant PII, you are failing to meet the requirement set out in MIPRU 3.2.1R that you have made adequate provision in respect of your liabilities, including contingent and future liabilities:
 - by failing to satisfy the CCJ, you are failing to meet the requirement set out in MIPRU 4.2.1R that you ensure that you are able to meet your liabilities as they fall due;
 - you have therefore failed to demonstrate to the FSA that you have adequate resources in relation to your permitted activities, in breach of Principle 4 (Financial Prudence) of the FSA's Principle for Businesses;
 - these failings are material in relation to the regulated activities for which you have permission and you are therefore failing to satisfy Threshold Condition 4 (Adequate Resources);
 - the risk of loss or other adverse effect on consumers by your failings, which are material breaches of requirements imposed upon you by the FSA's rules, causes the FSA to have very serious concerns about you such that the exercise of the FSA's own-initiative power to vary your Part IV permission with immediate effect is an appropriate response to those concerns; and
 - specifically, the variation of your Part IV permission should take immediate effect to address the FSA's serious concerns that claims for which you are uninsured and which you are otherwise unable to satisfy from your own funds might arise from new business.

3. DECISION MAKER

3.1 The decision which gave rise to the obligation to give this Supervisory Notice was made by the Chairman of the Regulatory Decisions Committee.

4. IMPORTANT

4.1 This Supervisory Notice is given to you in accordance with section 53(4) of the Act and is addressed to you at the address provided by you to the FSA for the service of notices. The following statutory rights are important.

The Tribunal

- 4.2 You may refer this matter to the Financial Services and Markets Tribunal (the "Tribunal"). Under section 133 of the Act, you have 28 days from the date you were sent this Supervisory Notice to refer the matter to the Tribunal or such other period as specified in the Tribunal Rules or as the Tribunal may allow. A reference to the Tribunal is made by way of a written notice signed by you and filed with a copy of this Notice. The Tribunal's address is: 15-19 Bedford Avenue, London WC1B 3AS (telephone: 020 7612 9700). The detailed procedures for making a reference to the Tribunal are contained in section 133 of the Act and the Tribunal Rules.
- 4.3 You should note that the Tribunal Rules provide that at the same time as filing a reference notice with the Tribunal, you must send a copy of the notice to the FSA. Any copy notice should be sent to Pauline Cheng at the FSA, Enforcement Division, 25 The North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 5HS.

Representations

4.4 You have the right to make written and oral representations to the FSA (whether or not you refer this matter to the Tribunal). If you wish to make written representations you must do so by 9 July 2009 or such later date as may be permitted by the FSA. Written representations should be made to the Regulatory Decisions Committee and sent to Husayn Rahman, Regulatory Decisions Committee Professional Support Services. The Regulatory Decisions Committee Professional Support Services' address is: 25 The North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 5HS. If you wish to make oral representations, please inform us in writing of your intention to do so by 16 June 2009. If you do not notify us by 16 June 2009, you will not, other than in exceptional circumstances, be able to make oral representations.

Confidentiality and publicity

4.5 You should note that this Supervisory Notice may contain confidential information and should not be disclosed to a third party (except for the purpose of obtaining

advice on its contents). You should also note that section 391 of the Act requires the FSA when the Supervisory Notice takes effect, to publish such information about the matter as it considers appropriate.

FSA contacts

- 4.6 If you have any questions regarding the procedures of the Regulatory Decisions Committee, you should contact either Husayn Rahman (direct line: 020 7066 1072/fax: 020 7066 1073), or Jackie Noonan (direct line: 020 7066 3074/fax: 020 7066 3075) in the Regulatory Decisions Committee Professional Support Services.
- 4.7 For more information concerning this matter generally, you should contact Pauline Cheng at the FSA (direct line: 020 7066 5228/ fax: 020 7066 5229).

Tim Herrington Chairman, Regulatory Decisions Committee